3 191	1986 MISSOURI STATE BUREAU OF V CERTIFICA				TISTICS		15413		
,1. 1	County Co		istration District ary Registration	******************	14 (22g	File No		<i>3</i>	
ż.	FULL NAME	Ettic	Rul	- D.		St.	4	/ard)	
Leng	(a) Residence. No	-		ds.	Ward. (If r How long in U.S., if of	onresident give city of	or town and State)	da.	
	PERSONAL AND STATIST	ICAL PARTICULAR	rs ,	11	MEDICAL CER	TIFICATE OF DE	ATH		
3. SI	EX 4. COLOR OR RACE	5. SINGLE, MARRIED, DIVORCED (write to		16. DATE	OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY	AND YEAR) 57//	/	192	
5a. I	HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF /	2/1	<u> </u>	that I last saw	EREBY CERTIF	7-	ecensed from	19. <i>2</i>	
	ATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR		1849	THE	l, on the date stated above CAUSE OF DEATH* w				
7. A·	GE YEARS MONTHS	da	LESS than 1 'y,brs.	930	<u></u>				
8. 0	CCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or	215.		Ch		(duration) 3	dili'		
	(c) Name of employer			CONTRIBU (SECONDA	TORY	(Gration)	•••		
9. B	IRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)			18. WHERE	WAS DISEAST CONTRACTED T AT PLACE OF TREETHY			••••••	
1	IO. NAME OF FATHER	ildu		~	OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH			••••••	
RENTS	II. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY (STATE OR COUNTRY)	OR TOWN)			est confirmed diagnosist	fluine		·····	
PAR	2. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	514		li .	, 19 (Address)	2 CAF	220	. , 144 0	
1	3. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY (STATE OR COUNTRY)	08 TOWN)		(1) MEAN	the Dismann Causing Dismann Naturn of Injury (See reverse side for addit	, and (2) whether			
14.	INFORMANT ALL CANDERS (Address)	before	1	ļ	OF BURIAL, CREMATIC		DATE OF BURI	AL	
15.	FILE 7/11/ 1926 215	Phinse	7 220	20. UNDER	TAKER	4	ADDRESS /	/19	
	7 /	. 0	REGISTRAR	181	unken!	L. I.	France	1.	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager." "Dealer." etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma): Measles: Whooving cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PHERPERAL peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, celiulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.