MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH or VIIIa Primary Registration District N [If death occurred in a City Ward) hospital a institution, give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE BEX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Month) (Day) Write the word) DATE OF BIRTH that I attended deceased from (Month) (Day) (Year) that I last saw h.u. If LESS than AGE I day .....hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at. or\_\_\_min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town." State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLAKE RENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER At place In the (City or town, State or foreign country) ds. State\_ of death. Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? Former or usual residence DATE OF BURIAL PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL . (ADDRESS) UNDERTAKER REGISTRAR

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The ques-, tion applies to each and every person, irrespective; of age. For many occupations a single-word or term-on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner. (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery: (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile-factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer,", etc., without more precific specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine; etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (re-

pisease causing peath (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always, the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples? Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is: Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

tired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation

Statement of cause of death.-Name, first, the

whatever, write None.

coma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.),
"Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck, by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on

Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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