1 PLACE OF DEATH		BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
Cour	aty	791	33814
Town or Villa	nship	NUUB	10097
or City	St. Jours Rebecca C	ortnay (Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
3 SEX	male white Single MARIED MIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH Movember (Month)	(Day) 191 (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) (Year)		17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I e	attended deceased from
7 AGE		s. and that death occurred, on the date stated	191 G., at 10.45 Pm.
8 occupation (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		131 Abennitisizad	hioric
(b) General nature of industry business or establishment in which employed (or employer)		120	
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)		4-	ds.
	10 NAME OF Jamuel Heinstein	(Secondary)	7) Z ds.
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Bigned) Halind	usteria M. D.
PARI	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidenta	from Violent Causes, state I, Suicidal or Homicidal.
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, I or Recent Residents) At place 3 In the 12	1
14 THE ABOVE IS THUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		of death yrs mos ds. State yrs mos ds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?	
(Address) 2104 leafer		19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR FEMOYAL	DATE OF BURIAL
15 Fil	led 191 a. ly Anodysa	Mercen Marie Commission	191.6 191.6 197. Leave
Segment 1			

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage,"
"Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, Or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)