1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTI
	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

County Darry	•	•	CERTIFICATE OF D	PEATH
Township	Registration Distric	i No. 80	File No	33422
Village	. Primary Registrati	on District No. 3003	Registered No	59
2FULL NAME Mellie	Variel 1	alloway	Ward)	lif death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOW OR DIV. OR DIV. (Write	ED 22.	16 DATE OF DEATH	/0 (Month)	2-, 191 (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) 7 AGE 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	(Day) (Year) If LESS than I day, hrs. or min.?	1 5 Z/ 5/	ve on lo	above, at 3 a m
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)	me 117	/ A	uler,	
10 NAME OF FATHER HEAVY CALLS 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	Lancel Vancel La Delinas Lappinos Lappinos	(Signed)	 Whether Accidental, 	M. D. M.
(Informant) Auril O'M	and a second	of deathyrsmos. Where was disease contraif not at place of death? Former or usual residence	acted	TE OF BURIAL
15 Filed 10-2, 1916 41	Mest	20 UNDERTAKER P. M. Paled	10.	DRESS Monett Mo.
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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relativehealthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6.yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 de: Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenelature of the American Medical Association.)