PLACE OF DEATH Clay			MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH				
			201		u	519	
or Village			Primary Registration District No. 30/2 Registered No.		13	**************************************	
Oit		(NO	·8t.;	Ward)	hospital	er institution,	
	FULL NAME	um Si	anuel .			NAME instead and number]	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH				
8E Fu	Wo	OWED DIVORCED	DATE OF DEATH	(Month)		, 101 (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH:			I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from				
(Month) (Day) (Year) AGE If LESS than			that I last saw h can alive on 17 4 ,191				
yrs. S mos. ds. I day,hrs.			and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6 m.				
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work			The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:				
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)							
(Ci	THPLACE ty or town. te or foreign country)	, mo	(Duratio	/	mo:	sds.	
PARENTS	NAME OF PENY Samuel		Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) Yrs. mos. ds.				
	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Mo		(8igned) (Address Little M.D.				
	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER MILLIO		*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.				
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)		LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) In the of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmos,ds.				
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE			Of death yrs. mos de. State yrs mos as Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?				
(Informant) Samuel			Former or usual residence				
	(ADDRESS) SAFT	y m	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOV	AL D	ATE OF B	URIAL . 1914	
File	od 1/15 191 Ward	Goodson	UNDERTAKER	A	DDRESS	100	
		REGISTRAR	Than Bour	_	5N02	09//10	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home, Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia,""Anaemia" (merely symptomatic),"Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)