PLACE	OF	DEATH

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

.

	En mary	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
Township Mashbur Registration District		let No. 37 File No. 34590-6	
VIII	age Chastilli Planty Registrat	ion District No. 5053 Registered No. 18	
Cit		(Ii death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead	
	FULL NAME Alpheus Lawrence La	amar of street and number]	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
SEX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED OF DIVORCED (Write the word) Single		DATE OF DEATH ? No Vember 8th , 191 4 (Month) (Day) (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH		I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from	
	Feb 2, 1	Sep 6 , 1914, to Nov 8 , 1914,	
AC		that I last saw it M alive on NOV 8 , 1914,	
•	18 vr. 9 mg6 de 0r_min.?	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 16 Am.	
OCCUPATION OCCUPATION		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:	
	Trade, profession, orStudent	Typhoid Fever	
bus	General nature of industry, Iness, or establishment in ch employed (or employer)		
BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country) Cassville. No.		(Duration) ys. mos ds.	
	NAME OF FATHER — Den 1 F. Lamar	Contributory (SECONDARY) (BUTERITON) - YFS MOS . ds.	
PARENT8	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or forcign country) Missouri	Mov 10, 1914 (Address) Washburn. mo.	
	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Cordie Talbot	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Spicifial, or Homicidal.	
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Pissouri	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place In the	
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted	
(Informant) B. H. Laman		If not at place of death? Former or usual residence	
(ADDRESS) Mashbun Suo		PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Nor 9 1914	
Filed Nov 10, 1914, Aff Northaus		UNDERTAKER ADDRESS	

REGISTRAR

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISBASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)