WRITE PLAINLY, WITH UNFADING INK—THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

File No. 42283
Registered No. 12170

1. PLACE OF DEATH

County ..... Registration District No. .....
Township ..... Primary Registration District No. .....
City St. Louis (No. St. Johns Hospital St. ..... Ward)

2. FULL NAME John Edwin Montague

(a) Residence: No. 5890 Cates Ave. St., 5 Ward.
(Usual place of abode)
(If nonresident give city or town and State)
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3. SEX	4. COLOR OR RACE	5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)
Male	White	Married

5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF Elsie L Speth Montague

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 4-3-1877

7. AGE	Years	Months	Days	If LESS than 1 day, ... hrs. or ..... min.
	54	5	2	

8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Dept. Mgr.
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) Ely Walker
(c) Name of employer

9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Clifton
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Tenn.

PARENTS
10. NAME OF FATHER James Wilford Montague
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) Clifton
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Tenn.
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary L. Inman
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) .....
(STATE OR COUNTRY) N. Carolina

14. INFORMANT Mrs. J. Ed. Montague
(Address) 5890 Cates Ave.

15. FILED ..... 19 ..... Mary C. Starkloff
REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 12-5-1931

17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from June 8th, 1931, to December 5, 1931, that I last saw him alive on December 5, 1931, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 10:30 a.m.

THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:

Cirrhosis of the Liver
Non alcoholic
(duration) yrs. 6 mos. + ds.

CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY) Chronic Interstitial Nephritis
(duration) yrs. 6 mos. + ds.

18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED —
IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH? —
DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? No DATE OF —
WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? No
WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS? Symptoms and Clinical findings
(Signed) C. H. Nelson per A. R. Kunsch M.D.
Dec. 7, 1931 (Address) 306 Humboldt Bld. associate

*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL Jackson Tenn. — DATE OF BURIAL Dec 7 1931

20. UNDERTAKER Alexander & Sons — ADDRESS 6175 Delmar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman,* etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (*a*) the kind of work and also (*b*) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (*a*) *Spinner,* (*b*) *Cotton mill,* (*a*) *Salesman,* (*b*) *Grocery,* (*a*) *Foreman,* (*b*) *Automobile factory.* The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine,* etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework* or *At home,* and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home.* Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid,* etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None.*

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum,* etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma,* etc., of————(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); *Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis,* etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 *ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 *ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicemia,*" "PUERPERAL *peritonitis,*" etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

NOTE.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR FURTHER STATEMENTS BY PHYSICIAN.