Do not use this space. MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 868 BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 1. PLACE OF DEATH Redistered No. . ACTLY. PHYSIC of OCCUPATION (If nonresident give city or town and State) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 3. SEX COLOR OR RACE SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) DIVERCED (write the word) 5A, IF MARRIED, WIDOWEL HUSBAND OF 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE MONTHS If LESS than 1 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ... (b) General nature of industry, CONTRIBUTORY..... business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)... ......(duration).......yra......tnos. (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?..... (STATE OR COUNTRY) DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. 10. NAME OF FATHER WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY! 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OF WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST .... ARENTS plain (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER PLAN -Every ipem of ? OF DEATH in \*State the DISPASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CUSES, state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CILY OR (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICTOAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL (Address) IINDERTAKER

RECORD

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Consus and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer. Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train—accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date,

Additional space for further statements

BY PHYSICIAN.

<b>a</b> .: &	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.	
PHYSICIANS should state PATION is very important. AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW	1. PLACE OF DEATH  County  Township  City  Registration District  Primary Registration  2. FULL NAME  (a) Residence, No	District No. 3 0 8 Refistered No. St.	/ -	
PATI PATI	(a) Residence. No		ty or town and State) yrs. mes. ds.	
be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICI act statement of OCCUPATION HEY ARE COMPLETE AS PRES	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
	3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (gasty the wood)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)  17.  1 HEREBY CERTS, That I attended.	MUDS 1976	
	SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw have allow and the	, 19, and that	
-pÄ ™	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	THE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS AS FOLLOWS:		
AGE should classified. Ex	7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 dayshra.	A reuman	ia)	
lly supplied. be properly	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work  (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)  (c) Name of employer	CONTRIBUTORY SECONDARY  18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED	Proisery 26	
Every item of information should be careful E OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may ISTRARS SHALL NOT RECEIVE A FEE FOR	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY		
	10. NAME OF FATHER	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY!		
	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOTAL)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST.	дисэ, <b>н</b> . D	
	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the DEBRASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) wheth	from Violent Causes, state er Accidental, Buicidal, or	
ory it ' DE, AAS	14.	HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)  19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVA	L DATE OF BURIAL	
AUSE OF DE	INFORMANT (Address)	in the state of penning of heads.	DATE OF BURIAL	
N. B.—I CAUSE REGIST	15. FREED 3/29 19.26 Helen Calvin Deputy	20. UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	
			<del></del>	

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of

occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or in-

dustry, and therefore an additional line is provided

for the latter statement; it should be used only when

needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill.

(a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Auto-

mobile factory. The material worked on may form

part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a

definite salary), may be entered as Housewife,

Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully

employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation what-

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria

(avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite);
Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc.,
Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (name ori-

gin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death).

29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions."

"Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy,"
"Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can
be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all
diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as

"PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory."

(Recommendations on statement of cause of death

approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the

American Medical Association.)

Norn.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.