15

MISSOURI	STATE	BOARD	OF	HEALTH
BURE	EAU OF Y	VITAL STA	TIST	ICS

•	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH				
1. PLACE OF DEATH		352		102	
County Day	Registration District	Y // 5 Y	File No.	··•···································	
Township De but	Primary Registration		Registered No		
City M. Gran Latin		···	St		
2. FULL NAME WATER	-arlely				
(a) Residence. No(Usual place of abode)	St.,	Ward. (If	nonresident give city or town and	State)	
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred	yrs. mos.	ds. How long in U.S., if of			
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTIC	MEDICAL CER	RTIFICATE OF DEATH			
3. SEX / 4. COLOR OR RACE   5. SINGLE, M.	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)				
male Mulita Divorced	17.	and YEAR) / wy 2 (e	1326		
SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED	Parried_		Y, That I attended deceased from		
HUSBAND OF JUNE BONCES		1, 10 )			
		that I last saw h.a.a alive on		and that	
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	12, 1860	THE CAUSE OF DEATH*	• • •	n.	
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS	If LESS than 1	D. C. C. C. DEATH	Zalan		
64 3 4	day,hrs.			······	
64 3 4	<u> </u>	11.75	a 17 A	······f	
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED				<b>,</b>	
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		(deficion)	fda		
(b) General nature of industry,	CONTRIBUTORY				
business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	(SECONDARY)				
(c) Name of employer		(duration)yrayra.	100ds.		
У	town	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED			
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY				
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Lange Co	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH	n No. DATE OF	***************************************		
10. NAME OF FATHER JUST Bur		no.			
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)		What test confirmed diagnosis?	20	*****	
(STATE OR COUNTRY)		(Signed) Any 1'd	Berin		
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER STO 27 of King		//30.1925 (Address)	~	, M. D	
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)		*State the Disease Catsing D	BATH, or in deaths from Violent C	AUSES, State	
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Huma	(I) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for addit		SUICIDAL, OF		
informant Mrs Sterl' Buils		19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION	ON, OR REMOVAL   DATE OF	BURIAL	
(Address) huntrese his	1 kg	h			
5. 10.31 95 V/m Mi	Oles)	1/20, UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	2 / 19 <sup>3</sup> J	
FILED LAND 1928 LA MIL	REGISTRAR	4/	- L Do	t m	
//	in-most	1 Jenne	Call No	10019 13	

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or '-Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer. Civil engineer. Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Catton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first, the DIBEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of .......... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms) Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatio), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonities." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify AS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF AS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Nors.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, moningitis, miscarriago, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.