, DI 405 OF BEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
1 PLACE OF DEATH	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTION 1
County of muse	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH UT140
Township Registration District	ct No. 350 File No.
or VillagePrimary Registrati	20 Note to No. 30/82
or 10/ 7 7/10 1/	A Registered No.
City Clear inc (NO /Var)	The Mulete St. 2 Ward) ill death occurred in a
·2FULL NAME avery Ba	hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX. 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED	16 DATE OF DEATH
Milale Bluet (Write the word)	(Month) (Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH	17 / I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
Nuc 862	Doft / 1916 Co ct / 1916 -
(Month) (Day) (Year)	
7 AGE If LESS than	that I last saw h. Leaslive on
Lett yrs mos ds or min.?	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 12
	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	1, Buille disease
- 1	121
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in	//
which employed (or employer)	
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) V	(Duration) yrs mos ds
10 NAME OF	CONTRIBUTORY
FATHER S	(Secondary)
11 BIRTHPLACE	(Duration) mos. ds.
OF FATHER Want	(Signed) Dome M. D.
OF FATHER (City or town, State of loreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF MOTHER	Oct 2, 1916 (Address) Cleretin mg
of MOTHER Dout Know	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign coupled to the state of the	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)
	At place In the cf deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	Where was disease contracted
(Informant) Quela Badgett	if not at place of death?
	Former or usual residence
(Address) Westall JMV	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
15	Of itan Da Oak 2 and
0.12 1 2 2 2 2	20 UNI ERTAKER ADDRESS
Filed	ADDRESS - 24
Registrar	Sins Thur Church

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term. on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer," is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia-(secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage,"
"Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)