

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Newton

Township.....
or

Village.....
or

City Neosho (NO. Leader St.: Ward)

Registration District No. 609

File No. 18677-A

Primary Registration District No. 4363

Registered No.

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

2 FULL NAME J. G. Petree

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3 SEX

Male

4 COLOR OR RACE

White

5 SINGLE
MARRIED
WIDOWED
OR DIVORCED
(Write the word)

Married

16 DATE OF DEATH

May 6 1916
(Month) (Day) (Year)

6 DATE OF BIRTH

About 88
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY that I attended deceased from

April 10 1916 to May 5 1916

that I last saw him alive on May 6 1916

and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 2:15 P. m.

7 AGE

about 30 yrs. mos. ds.

If LESS than
1 day.....hrs.
or.....min.?

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Largelyal. Lesio -

105 B

(Duration) 1 yrs. mos. ds.

8 OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

Farmer

(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

CONTRIBUTORY

(Secondary)

(Duration)..... yrs. mos. ds.

9 BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Ark.

10 NAME OF FATHER

Seno Petree

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

unknown

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Julia Knight

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

unknown

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant)

C. G. Bishop

(Address)

Neosho Mo

15

Filed

May 6 1916

E. M. Rosberry
Registrar

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

Gibson Cem.

DATE OF BURIAL

May 6 1916

20 UNDERTAKER

Stadler Undert Co.

ADDRESS

Neosho Mo.

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner, (b) Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman, (b) Grocery*; (a) *Foreman, (b) Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework, or At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school or At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *20 ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10, ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "*PUERPERAL septicaemia*," "*PUERPERAL peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)