1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
- House teach	347 $14275$
Township Registration Distriction or Village Primary Registration Or	ct No. File No.
2FULL NAME The Buin Kirking	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	2) MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
SEEN 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MARRIED WIDOWED OF DIVORCED OF DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)  7 AGE  1 LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 1914
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	Magel Palenous Inbuculo Prash I day \$ 27 A
DEIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  10 NAME OF FATHER  The Manual Ma	CONTRIBUTORY Substitution yes 7 mos 3 de CONTRIBUTORY Substitution 3 mb
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  12 MaiDEN NAME OF MOTHER  13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER	(Signed)
(City or town, State or foreign country)  14 THE ABIOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE  (Informant) X	At place In the of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
Filed Ope / 9, 1916 Im Shouth	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL  SO UNDERTAKENS L ADDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Consus and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia." "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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