

1 PLACE OF DEATH

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

County Jackson

Township Law

Village James City

City James City (No. 2227 June)

Registration District No. 399

Primary Registration District No. 1002

File No. 39001

Registered No. 3855

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2 FULL NAME Robert Course

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX M 4 COLOR OR RACE Col 5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Single
(Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH April 22 1890
(Month) (Day) (Year)

AGE 24 yrs. 7 mos. 27 ds. IF LESS than 1 day.....hrs. or.....min.?

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Laborer
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) Day labor

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Missouri

10 NAME OF FATHER Holman Course

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Mo.

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Suey Williams

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Mo.

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant) Suey Course

(Address) 2227 Vine St.

Filed DEC 22 1914 W.S. Wheeler

Registrar

2 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH Dec 20th 1914
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Dec. 18 1914 to Dec 20 1914
that I last saw him alive on Dec 20 1914

and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 7.9 a.m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Peritonitis unoperated
Appendicitis
(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) 117
(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

(Signed) [Signature] M.D.
(Address) 1200 E. 18th St.

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Adalia Mo

DATE OF BURIAL Dec 23 1914

20 UNDERTAKER Walter's Corp

ADDRESS 1729 India

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Composer, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. Examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicaemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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