

CASES OF DEATH... Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

**MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

39933

PLACE OF DEATH
County Lewis
Township LaBelle
or
Village
or
City LaBelle (NO. _____ St. _____ Ward _____)

Registration District No. 479 File No. _____
Primary Registration District No. 4298 Registered No. _____

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

FULL NAME William Clark Weidner

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX Male COLOR OR RACE White SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Married
(If wife the wife)

DATE OF BIRTH 11 22 1841
(Month) (Day) (Year)

AGE 72 yrs. 1 mos. 4 ds. If LESS than 1 day, ___ hrs. or ___ min.?

OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Farmer
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employe) Retired Farmer

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Lewis Co Mo

PARENTS
NAME OF FATHER Jacob Weidner
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) New York
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Cordelia Purdy
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Don't know

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) Ida Adams
(ADDRESS) LaBelle Mo

Filed Dec 27 1913 E. Boonish
REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH 12 26, 1913
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Dec 10, 1913, to Dec 26, 1913, that I last saw him alive on Dec 26, 1913, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 11:30 AM.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Organic Heart Lesion

(Duration) ___ yrs. ___ mos. 16 ds.

Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds.
(Signed) J. N. and M. D.
12-27 1913 (Address) LaBelle Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)
At place of death ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds. in the State ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds.
Where was disease contracted If not at place of death?
Former or usual residence _____

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL LaBelle Cemetery DATE OF BURIAL 12/27, 1913
UNDERTAKER James Coder ADDRESS LaBelle Mo

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 8 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicaemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)