

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH

County Scott

Township Blodgett

or

Village

or

City

Registration District No. 815

File No. 6604

Primary Registration District No. 6064

Registered No. 6

City Blodgett (No. 4491) St. Ward

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)

FULL NAME

Rebecca May Wyatt
nee [unclear]

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

SEX

COLOR OR RACE

SINGLE
MARRIED
WIDOWED
OR DIVORCED
(Write the word)

Female

white

Single

DATE OF BIRTH

April 13, 1911
(Month) (Day) (Year)

AGE

If LESS than
1 day, 3 hrs.
or min.?

none

OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

none

BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Blodgett Mo

NAME OF FATHER

B. B. Wyatt

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Scott Co Mo

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Dora Taylor

BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Scott Co Mo

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant)

B. B. Wyatt

(ADDRESS)

Blodgett Mo

Filed

Apr 14 1911

Fred L. Lybore
REGISTRAR

DATE OF DEATH

April 13, 1911
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from

Apr 13, 1911, to Apr 13, 1911,

that I last saw her alive on Apr 13, 1911,

and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 1:40 m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Inanition
15 hrs
head thro open
circle (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

Contributory

(SECONDARY)

(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

(Signed)

F. L. Lybore M. D.

4/14 1911 (Address) Blodgett

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

DATE OF BURIAL

Silent Hill

Apr 15, 1911

UNDERTAKER

ADDRESS

Stuts M M Co

Blodgett Mo

CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the name of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material on the second line may form part of the second statement. Examples: return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Teacher," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sar-*

coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

