WRITE PLAINLY, WITH UNFADING INK-THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD  N. B.—Every liem of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.	PLACE OF DEATH  County // Colored Registration Distribution or Village Primary Registration or City //	2.21 11
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	MARRIED WIDOWED OR ONVORCED OR ONVORCED (Write the word)  DATE OF BIRTH  AGE  VIEW Marth)  AGE  VIEW Mosth)  AGE  VIEW Mosth)  AGE  VIEW Mosth)  AGE  VIEW Mosth)  AGE  VIEW Mosth  AGE  VIEW Mosth  AGE  VIEW Mosth  AGE  VIEW Mosth  AGE  AGE  AGE  AGE  AGE  AGE  AGE  AG	DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Day) (Year)  I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from  , 191 , to , 191  that I last sawh alive on , 191  and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at m  The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:  The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:  The months or more the oracle for pre  months or more than the british or face for pre  The organic head delease and  Further organic head beatles and
	BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  NAME OF FATHER BANNY RISHINGER  BIRTHPLACE CHANGE CHANGE  OF FATHER CITY OF MANUAL COMMENT CONTROL CONTROL  BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER CITY OF MOTHER CITY OF MOTHER CITY OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE  (Informant) AND CITY CANADAM CANDESS MANUAL  Filed A 1910 The Manual CANDESS REGISTERS	Contributory (SECONDARY)  (Duration)  (Duration)  (Signed)  (Duration)  (Duration)  (Duration)  (Signed)  (Duration)  (Address)  (Ad

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## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite: avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 20 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

